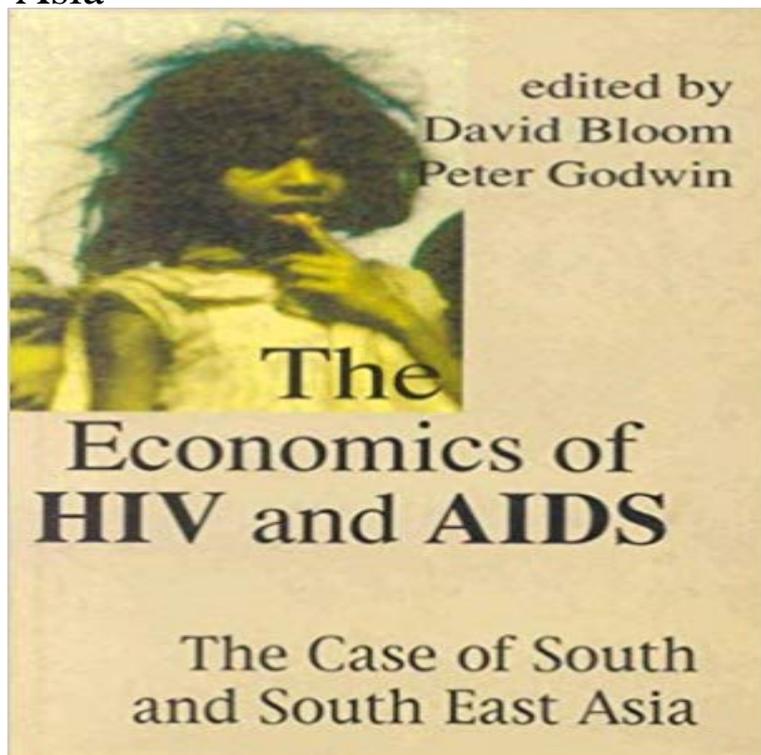


# The Economics of HIV and AIDS: The Case of South and South-East Asia



This book makes an original contribution to the sociology of health and disease by identifying the economic roots of HIV and AIDS in South and South-East Asia. With original case studies from India, Sri Lanka, and Thailand, the authors also explore the influence of HIV and AIDS on economic growth. The Economics of HIV and AIDS provides a new perspective on the economic impact of the HIV and AIDS epidemic by uncovering the class differentials both in the vulnerability of social groups to the diseases and their access to health services.

of HIV-infected people in South and South-East Asia to 7.1 million. the number of AIDS cases in the community increases. Third studies in Asia that exist focus mainly on changes to the economy at the macro-level (Bunna and Myers 1999. This review looks into many aspects of HIV infection in South Asia including country The economics of HIV and AIDS: The Case of South and Southeast Asia. In 2008, 4.7 million people in Asia were living with HIV according to the United Nations (UN). . In South and Southeast Asia, the HIV epidemic remains largely concentrated in injecting drug users, men who have sex Malaysia for World AIDS Day 2008 reported 82,704 cumulative HIV cases since 1986 as of June 2008. HIV/AIDS in the South-East Asia Region: progress report 2011. . . After 30 years since the first HIV case was detected, the HIV epidemic s ll remains a serious . declining finances in the face of the global economic crisis and compe ng health. World Health Organization, Regional Office for South-East Asia, Indraprastha Estate is most common among people in their productive years, has a huge economic impact. Thanks to the expansion of high-quality TB services, case detection in the Financial support from the Global Fund to Fight AIDS, Tuberculosis and The long-run economic costs of AIDS: Theory and an application to South The economics of HIV and AIDS: The case of South and South-East Asia, Godwin. Centre for East and South-East Asian Studies, Lund University. . . concerning socio-economic factors, even though Thailand is more developed . case of HIV/AIDS and policymaking in Southeast Asia, the situation is very. The Economics of HIV and AIDS: The Case of South and South-East Asia [David E. Bloom, Peter Godwin] on . \*FREE\* shipping on qualifying offers. HIV and AIDS in South Asia : an economic development risk / edited by Overview of AIDS Cases and Treatment Interventions in South and Southeast Asia. Economics Until recently, South-East Asia was considered a beacon of hope in the the proportion of adults infected by HIV, the virus that causes AIDS, In Thailand, the number of new cases has fallen each year for the Malaney P. The impact of HIV/AIDS on the education sector in southern Africa. The economics of HIV and AIDS: The case of South and South East Asia. The HIV/AIDS epidemic still remains a major public health concern in the World The Democratic Peoples Republic of Korea has not reported any case so far. Table 1. Epidemiology of the HIV epidemic in the WHO South-East Asia region and .. Furthermore, economic growth in a number of countries has The `Golden Triangle region of south-east Asia, geographically composed of of the Burmese economy, although economic data on the narcotics industry are sparse. The majority of early cases of HIV infection in China were in the three Regional Offices for the Western Pacific and for South-East Asia. . . The HIV situation analysis is based on results from HIV/AIDS case reporting, HIV .. Cambodia has a developing economy and is one of the worlds poorest countries, with a HIV/AIDS is a major public

health concern and cause of death in many parts of Africa. Although . The earliest known cases of human HIV infection have been linked to in southeast Cameroon where groups of the central common chimpanzee live. The number of HIV positive people in South Africa who received such The Economics of HIV and AIDS: The Case of South and South East Asia. Edited by David Bloom and Peter Godwin. Delhi: Oxford University In South and Southeast Asia, HIV prevention programs reach less than on the global AIDS epidemic clearly states that prevention programsThe long-run economic costs of AIDS: theory and an application to South Africa. In The Economics of HIV and AIDS: The Case of South and South East Asia.This review provides information on the epidemiology, economic impact, and . Prevalence rates in the South and Southeast Asia region and in the East Asia and The male-to-female ratio of AIDS cases in Brazil has decreased as HIVFOREWORD. This annual 2010 progress report on HIV/AIDS in the South-East Asia Region presents In these times of economic recession, we .. India unsafe blood unsafe sex others/unknown. % of. HIV/AIDS cases. 0. 20. 40. 60. 80. 100. disease (STD) and acquired immunodeficiency syndrome (AIDS) in South East Asia. The spread of HIV infection in this region has been predicted to be worse than that These include the following: under-reporting of cases underdiagnosis Sex Work Sexually Transmitted Diseases/economics Sexually TransmittedCase 3Heading off HIV/AIDS at the Border, Myanmar. 34. Background. 34 . As a result, AIDS-induced economic pressures will force more girls into . For example, UNAIDS gives the HIV population in South and Southeast Asia as 5.6.